EP0408574

IAP9 Rec'd PCT/PTO 31 JAN 2006

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Transparent Access Authentication in 2G and 2.5G Mobile Access Networks

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28. 04. 2005

- The present invention relates to a method and system for transparent access authentication in 2G and 2.5G Mobile

 Access Networks. This includes communication networks of the GSM-, GPRS- and UMTS-standard well known to skilled persons.
- In standardisation of Universal Mobile Telecommunication
 System (UMTS Rel.5) comprehensive means are foreseen to
 perform authentication on the application layer with no need
 to interwork with the underlying radio and transport
 networks. The mechanisms are based on the assumption that a

 15 specific environment is prepared for deployment of IP
 Multimedia Subsystem (IMS) services. It includes the use of
 IMS SIM (ISIM) application, which in turn requires
 Rel.99UICC's in the connected end devices to handle the
 authentication and key agreement (AKA).
- In case of deployment of IMS and IMS based services in a network environment which is characterised by the use of SIM cards, the standardised authentication mechanism will not be applicable.
- The Technical Specification 3GPP TS 33.203: "Access Security for IP-based Services", Release 5, V5.6.0, June 2003, XP-002264085, discloses a method for transparent access authentication of subscribers connected to an authenticating network domain by a GPRS core network or an UMTS network, the method using data which are assembled by a network layer during establishment of a PDP context in GPRS networks.

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It is the object of the invention to provide method and system for transparent access authentication which allow it to run authentication transparently to the end device, without requiring proprietary extensions and functions on network or client side.

This object is achieved by providing a method and system as described in the independent claims.

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28. 04. 2005 26.04.2005

Claims

- 1. Method for transparent access authentication of subscribers connected to an authenticating network domain by a GPRS core network or an UMTS network, wherein the method using data which are assembled by a network layer during establishment of a PDP context in GPRS networks, characterised in
- that when a Gateway GPRS Support Node (1) receives a 10 context creation request it queries a registration server (2) to get an IP address assigned for the particular PDP context, and within the context the registration server (2) receives a Mobile Station ISDN Number, MSISDN, and/or an International Mobile Subscriber Identity, IMSI, of the 15 subscriber and stores for each PDP context a pair of IP address and IMSI/MSISDN in a session database (3), that a proxy server (5) is provided which checks IMSI/MSISDN from a registration server (2) session database (3) and IMSI/MSISDN from a application domain 20 database (4) for match, that if the IMSI/MSISDN pairs are matching, the proxy
- assigned by the registration server (2), and
 that the proxy server (5) parses the application layer
 for IP addresses given in the headers of registration
 messages and checks for match with the network layer IP
 address which was already checked for match with the IP
 address assigned by the radius server (2).

server (5) checks a subscribers IP address assigned in

2. Method according to claim 1, comprising the step that during PDP context establishment a Serving GPRS Support

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Node (SGSN) is authenticating the subscriber using the A3/A8 algorithm based on an end devices SIM card.

- 3. Method according to any preceding claim, comprising the

 step that in all subsequent messages arriving at the

 proxy server (5), it checks for match of IP address in

 the IP packet overhead field for source address with that

 in the application layer protocol header fields and

 verifies the matching pairs against the IP address

 assigned by the Radius server (2).
 - 4. Method according to any preceding claim, that a routing module (7) is provided which is a standard entry point for all messages and decides by evaluation of Private ID, PrivID, which network node will handle the message.
 - 5. System of units in a mobile telecommunication network, characterised that at least a first authentication unit (2) is connected via a data line to a second unit (5; 6) which assembles data according to the method of claim 1.
 - 6. System according to claim 5, wherein the first unit comprises a registration server (2).
- 7. System according to claim 5 or 6, wherein the first unit (2) is connected to a session database (3).
 - 8. System according to any of claims 5 to 7, wherein the second unit comprises a proxy server (5).
 - 9. System according to any of claims 5 to 8, wherein the second unit comprises a Proxy Call State Control Function (6).

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- 10. System according to any of claims 5 to 9, wherein the second unit (5; 6) is connected to a subscriber database (4).
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- 11. System according to any of claims 5 to 10, wherein a routing module (7) is provided which decides by evaluation of Private ID, PivID, which network node will handle the message.

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